

Where the Kootenay Central Railway is Now Building To!

THE OUTCROP.

Devoted to the Mining and Development of the Windermere and Golden Divisions of the District of North East Kootenay.

Book VI., Chapter 43.

Wilmer, B. C., Thursday, March 22, 1906.

\$2.00 Per Year.

DISTRICT CROPPINGS

And Other Items of Interest in a General Way

Jack Hurst was in town last week wearing his broadest smile. He had heard that the Legislature had allowed \$2,000 for No. 3 creek road, and said that while it was not enough, yet it was a start and he was glad a start was made in that direction. He went on to say: "I wonder how the money is to be spent and is it to go on a road up Salmon river to the mines or on a road from Firlands? From the amount I think it must be for the latter. Yet, that amount will build a road so that all the ranchers located out there can bring their produce to Wilmer; if it is properly spent, I would rather see the road to the mine built, but that amount would hardly make a start at it."

The money value of judgment and honesty is great. There never was a time in the mercantile history or mining of the country when a reputation for honesty, integrity and thoroughness in business counted so much as at present. The matter of credit has been reduced to a practical science, and the man of reputation finds himself with capital at his hand for the asking. A man is not only rated as to what he can pay, but what he will pay if the occasion requires.

P. Michelson states that he will ship all the ore on the dump at the Black Diamond mine this summer. This most promising property is situated on Toly creek and led of development work has been done on it, resulting in a large body of ore being exposed and several car loads of it mined. Mr. Michelson intends going up to the mine as soon as conditions are favorable to take the ore out.

The smelter reduction of \$2 per ton on lead ore over 20 per cent should prove a real benefit to miners throughout North East Kootenay. It may make the difference between a fair profit and a loss to some, and to others the difference of inactivity and activity.

When the transportation question is settled capital will flow into the Columbia Valley in abundance. The heavy ore production will be the drawing card and our forest and land resources will help keep the capital here.

Despite the many prophetic legends and the first party line government in B. C. may live in full term of office out just think of it! A whole four years without an election. Can it be?

Jan. Beech took a pile driver up the lake last week to where the C. R. I. Co.'s Buane ends, where it will be used in building the foundation for the Buane and other work.

Mrs. Stordard of Windermere and Mrs. Brabant and Miss Heywood of Sinclair returned on Sunday from Cranbrook where they spent about two weeks visiting friends.

Over a car load of Swanee ore is now piled up at the Windermere wharf, and the work of sorting and sacking ore at the mine is being steadily carried on.

If lead should reach 10 cents, as predicted, no-thing could keep the Windermere district from flourishing.

Timber Inspector Martin of Nelson arrived at Windermere on Monday on official business.

Beautiful warm days, with cold nights.

The jangling at Victoria has ceased for a season.

By May let there should be something definite doing in K. C. R. matters.

R. S. Gallop returned to Canterbury Monday from a trip to the Coast cities.

Walter Nixon, the Golden tourist guide, is spending a few days in this part of the valley.

Mrs. A. Tegar and Mrs. M. Cameron of Windermere arrived in Wilmer on Tuesday to visit their friends here.

H. E. Porter returned to Firlands last week from Barton City, where he spent several weeks at his mining property located near there.

Joe Cardiff returned to Wilmer by Monday's stage after an absence of several months spent in Idaho. He reports prosperous times in the south.

A rumor has been circulated the past few days that a bond has been given on the Grant mine near Spillamachene, but nothing definite of the transaction can be learned.

The Wilmer Rifle Association Annual Meeting will be held on Friday evening, March 23rd, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of members is requested.—John M. McLeod, Sec. Treas.

Booting seems to be the order of the day, that is taking on almost everywhere in the west. Commercial clubs, tourist associations, etc., are all taking a hand in it, and best of all, they are making it fun.—Phoenix Pioneer.

Dr. George, the Government veterinary surgeon, arrived at Windermere on Monday to make an official inspection. It is generally believed he will not find any animals afflicted with glanders in this part of the valley.

The Annual Meeting of the Windermere Rifle Association will be held in the Windermere Hotel on Tuesday evening, the 22nd inst., at 8 o'clock. All members of the Association are expected to attend. J. C. Pirra, Sec'y-Treas.

O. Johnston, from J. Hostler's lumber camp on Horse Chief creek, was brought down to the hospital on Tuesday. It appears that while sawing, his partner struck him with a saw, intending to make it a wedge to hold the cut open, but the ax-headed bar of the handle and not Johnston's little finger off at the third joint. Dr. Elliot amputated the finger at the joint and the patient is now getting along nicely.

The first two months of 1906 show an ore output from Boundary mine, and a smaller treatment from the three district smelters of more than 200,000 tons—or, let us say, roughly, of a valuation of an even \$1,000,000. If this keeps up for twelve months, of which there seems no doubt, by the end of the year the district will have produced some \$6,000,000 in value from the metalliferous mines alone. As a matter of fact, there is every indication that the output will grow larger as the year gets older.—Phoenix Pioneer.

The average reader is accustomed to seeing in any paper he may pick up the practice of advertising advocated. He may often think that the spirit which prompted the writer of that article was merely one of immediate gain—that the writer merely intended to induce some mercantile establishment to give his paper patronage. Newspapers often urge their merchants to advertise and in so doing often justify content that it will pay all concerned. But there is a deeper meaning in this agitation for extensive advertising. It is an indispensable element in progress. Newspapers have discovered this and taken up the cry as they continue hammering at any other enterprise and progress—a proposition.

NO. 3 CREEK ROAD

At present there is some misunderstanding as to where the appropriation of \$2,000 for No. 3 creek wagon road is to be expended. This comes from the fact that the Legislature was petitioned for two different roads up that creek, and both roads are very much needed. One road asked for is from Columbia river up Salmon river, from Bott's landing, to No. 3 creek and up to the Lead Queen mine, the cost of which is variously estimated above \$15,000. The other road asked for is the extension of the main road from Firlands to Hurst's ranch, the cost being estimated up to \$5,000. The first road was asked for the benefit of miners and the other for the benefit of the ranchers. When completed both roads will also be useful in taking out the timber in the vicinity.

The only information The Outcrop has on the matter is from a letter written in Victoria by R. S. Gallop, in which he says: "Mr. Wells tells me I can tell the boys he has secured \$2,000 for the No. 3 creek road this year, on account of \$5,000 asked for this purpose. This will help the boys out some and if properly expended make it much easier getting into that valley."

Henry Schweiguth, one of the Lead Queen owners, says: "The \$2,000 will hardly make a start on the road to the mine."

Jack Hurst, rancher, says \$2,000 will build a road so that all the present ranchers can market their produce.

Local supporters of the Government state emphatically that the appropriation is for the ranchers.

Both roads are very much needed, but if \$2,000 were spent on the mine road it would be of no immediate benefit to any person. If it is spent on a road for the ranchers it will be of benefit to them and the miners can haul their supplies on wagons 14 miles nearer the mines than they can at the present time.

Everyone would like to see the mine road built if sufficient money were available, for the miners up that creek are entitled to it and the ore is there to be brought down. The ranchers would rather see the mine road built first, for the mine would then give them an excellent market.

History, experience and reason teach us that to be favorably known is the chief foundation of success. As a community we must uphold the principle of advertising and all other progressive steps, or be relegated to the side of others that sleep.—Ex.

Speaking of seeds the other day J. C. Pitts, the Windermere merchant, said: "I got my stock of seeds in several weeks ago, so that there would be no excuse for anyone to send out for seeds. This year I have got all my seed from Henry's Nursery at Vancouver as my past experience with his stock was satisfactory, and now I buy everything from him."

Wedding invitations and announcements promptly executed in the latest styles in The Outcrop Job Department.

Try THE OUTCROP for Job Printing.

Ten Cent Lead?

A point and oil man in Spokane has been telling the people that lead will soon sell 10 cents per pound. If the coming season sees the same industrial activity throughout the United States, lead will certainly climb to prohibitive heights. Last season the demand was enormous, taxing the capacity of the lead mines of the States for supply. No new sources of lead supply have been opened up, and the demand for construction purposes will be very great. These facts will throw on the lead mines of the States such a demand that they will not be able to keep up with it. Should the coming season see good crops again, the United States will be forced to go into the world's markets for its

but most of it will not germinate until it gets ready. Thus nature provides for the perpetuation of the species.

In the seed laboratory at Ottawa 100 fresh seeds of wild mustard were planted in good soil in a box, and under the most favorable conditions only 25 of them could be induced to grow. The box was then placed in the open air for a week with the thermometer below zero. When again put in the germinator, 17 more of the seeds produced plants. The soil was then allowed to become thoroughly dry, and again put out to freeze, after which 12 more seeds germinated. This operation was repeated several times, until finally every seed demonstrated that the mother plant had not lived in vain.

As a rule, the seeds of the more noxious weeds that grow from the seed alone retain their vitality for several years when embedded in the soil. It is highly important, then, to prevent the formation of seed. It is quite evident that many fields throughout Canada have now a sufficient stock of seeds to produce luxuriant crops of weeds for several years, but by adopting a suitable rotation it is possible to prevent most of the plants from these seeds coming to maturity.

All will agree that most districts have their full share of weeds. Like the poor, they are always with us. How do we get them? Many farmers can doubtless remember when the Canada thistle was a new weed. Perennial sow thistle, ribwort, ragweed, bindweed and some others are of more recent introduction. There are many more to come and some of them are even more noxious than those that are now common. For instance, there is the devil's paint brush, or orange hawkweed, that is already well established, land that was worth forty dollars an acre five years ago could not be sold for five dollars an acre today.

There are also a number of weeds that have recently been introduced into western Canada and which have proved to be exceedingly dangerous. Most of them were brought in by immigrants. Among them are tumbling mustard, hardhead mustard and field pennycress or stinkweed. A few plants of each of these have been found in different parts of Ontario during the past season and the west will know more about them later. One thing seems clear, and that is that the weed pests are now gaining headway at a much more rapid rate than they did 25 years ago. How can we account for this?

The investigations of the Seed Division have shown that the seedmen are to blame to a considerable extent, but there are many other means by which seeds become disseminated, and which are worth of consideration. Any farmer who has land that is annually flooded by freshets knows the difficulty of keeping such land free from weeds. Transportation companies, particularly the railway companies, have much to do with the introduction of new weeds. Most of our noxious weeds are introduced from Europe. Their seeds are often brought in with material that is used for packing articles of commerce. This packing material is scattered about on the ground and the seeds soon germinate. In three of four years the new weed may be found on a large number of farms. That is the way most of our weeds come to us.

The wind and animals of various kinds do much to spread weed seeds in a local way. Seeds of many weeds are provided with special facilities, some like small parachutes as in the dandelion and the Canada thistle, by the aid of which the seeds are carried long distances by the wind. Nature provided seeds of other weeds, such as burrs, with the means of clinging to the wool of sheep or to other animals in order to insure their distribution. In any case it is the seed that causes the weed, and the seed once in place, the weed grows in place.

B. C. COPPER

That to its immense deposits of copper British Columbia will owe the greater part of its future and lasting greatness is the opinion of all mining men who have acquainted themselves with the mineral resources of this province, and such also must be the impression of F. A. Heinze, formerly copper king in Montana, who seems determined to invest in the mountains of Pacific Canada the millions he acquired when he sold out recently to the copper trust of the United States. Only the other day news was received of his activity in Telkwa district of the Bulkley valley, and now the Vancouver World learns that he has acquired large interests in the mines of the Kettle River country.

F. A. Heinze has bonded the McKinley mine in the Franklin camp, on the North Fork of Kettle river, and 40 miles from Grand Forks, for a quarter of a million, and has also taken working bonds on the Banner, I. X. L., Jumbo, Alpha, Hilt or Miss, and several minor claims, to the total value of another half million dollars.

These claims are in the same locality as the McKinley, and, so far as known, Heinze's holdings in that district total three-quarters of a million dollars.

The history of all mining countries has been that they owe their permanent greatness to their base metals. Many people have forgotten or never knew that Butte was originally a silver camp, and a famous one, but the silver was only a flash in the pan and the blaze of Butte's prosperity is now fed by the greatest copper deposits, that lay for many years unnoticed. In no part of the world are such wonderful deposits known to exist as in British Columbia. The Granby, the Britannia, which will soon be famous; the Le Roi, without which and its scanda British Columbia mining would be better off today, and several other well known mines represent only a small fraction of the copper resources of this province, while another element of greatness is found in British Columbia's iron and coal.

In addition to the Heinze interests given above, a group of Philadelphia capitalists have recently bonded the Newby mine, one of the Gloucester group, also in the Franklin camp, for \$80,000, and that section of the province promises to enter upon an era of development that will throw all the previous experience of the Boundary country into the shade.

Where Canada Leads the World

Canada leads the world in dairy export.

Canada has the most valuable nickel deposits in the world.

Canada has the largest continuous wheat fields in the world.

Canada has the greatest system of fresh water navigation in the world.

Canada has a greater water power than any other country in the world.

Canada has the most valuable white pine forests on the American continent.

Canada produces the finest wheat in the world, No. 1 Manitoba hard setting the world's standard.

Canada's average wheat yield per acre for ten years was the greatest on the American continent.

Canada leads in smelting, the granitic portion of it being in British Columbia of which little is known.

Strayed from Glendon a small bay mare, branded "R" on right shoulder. Was raised around Wilmer by Robert McKenham. Kindly send any information to G. McMillan, Glendon.

The Outcrop is on sale at A. B. Yates Drug Store, Wilmer.

THE OUTCROP.

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Mineral and Agricultural District.
Subscription, \$2.00 a Year; Foreign countries, \$2.50.
Exchange must be added on checks.

Advertising Rates: Display ads., \$2 per column inch per month. Legal ads., 10 cents per nonpareil line for first insertion and 5 cents each additional, reading notices 15 cents per line each issue. Delinquent Co-owner notice \$10; Crown grant mineral claim notice, \$7.50; Timber Limit notice, \$5.

W. P. Evans, Publisher and Proprietor.

WILMER, B.C., THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1906.

Profit on Small Farms.

Readers who are interested in dairy farming should not fail to write to the department of agriculture at Washington, D.C., for "Farmers' Bulletin No. 342, An Example of Model Farming." This article was originally printed in the department Yearbook for 1903, but the demand for it has been so great that Secretary Wilson has wisely had it reprinted in order to give wider publicity to the methods by which a great success was achieved on a small acreage. The bulletin can be had for the asking.

This farm is a 15-acre tract not far from Philadelphia. It has 13 acres under cultivation. The soil is red, gravelly clay. The owner, a retired minister, took the place in 1881, with a \$7,200 mortgage upon it. It was so run down that it did not supply feed for the two cows and a horse kept on it. How it was brought to a remarkable state of fertility solely by the use of stable manure applied directly from the barn, as it was produced; how it raises all the feed for 30 head of stock, 17 of which are cows in milk; how the mortgage was paid off in the first six years and large profits have since been derived—all this and much more the bulletin tells.

The owner ascribes much of his success to the practice of "soiling" his cattle. As this is not used much in the west, it may be said that "soiling" consists in cutting and feeding green feed in summer instead of allowing the animals to run on a pasture. At first this did not prove satisfactory, because no other food was used, but as he studied the books on the subject our "greenhorn" preacher-farmer soon learned to feed dry hay with his "soiling" crops. This made the handling of the manure much easier, and the farm not only began to pay a profit but to increase in fertility. No commercial fertilizers and no manure from outside the farm have ever been used. Of course much valuable fertilizer has been added annually from the rich mill products fed the cows. The roughage is all raised on the farm, but all the grain is bought.

On a farm of this size pastures are of course out of the question. There is not even a barn yard. The 30 head of stock remain in the barn the year round. This is possibly not the best practice; it has been supposed that exercise was needed by milch cows; but the stables have been kept scrupulously clean and the cows are healthy and great milkers. The same system obtains in Denmark, a dairy country par excellence, where the cows stand in their stalls from November to May and are staked out in the field the rest of the year.

The bulletin gives many details of the farm system, including the management and rotation of crops, the care and feeding of the cows, the handling of the manure that has proved the source of the farmer's good fortune, the curing of hay, ensilage, marketing of the milk, etc. It is a brief and most persuasive textbook of the value of method and the profits that may be had from what many larger farms waste.—Vancouver World.

The Joplin Zinc and Lead News says: White lead is very scarce, and some paint manufacturers have none whatever in stock, supplies bought before the duty was imposed last fall, having been cleaned out by the heavy demand during the past few months. Orders placed with the corroding works in Montreal, for delivery last summer, have not yet been filled, but the higher prices now ruling will compensate buyers somewhat. The fear of a shortage when the spring demand becomes active is, however, causing some talk of a request for a suspension of the duty in order to secure goods the Canadian corroders are unable to supply. All this tends to make the market stiff.

The Fernie Game Protective Association, one of the most active and progressive of the kind in the province, has suggested the immediate formation of an associated game protective society along the lines of the Associated Boards of Trade of Eastern British Columbia. The secretary of the Fernie organization further suggests that a joint meeting be arranged for at Nelson of all the game protective associations in the province. These suggestions are good and should be pushed along.

Kootenay Central

The routes below can scarcely be called a map, still it will give some idea of the situation of this country in connection with the main line of the C. P. R. and the C. N. P. R. which the Kootenay Central Railway will connect.

MAIN LINE OF C.P.R.

Where the Kootenay Central Railway is Now Building To!

Golden
Carbonate
Wapta
Spillimacheen
Galen
Brieco
Sinclair
Wilmer
Athalmer
Canterbury
Windermere
Fairmont
Thunder Hills
Sleep Creek
Wasa
Fort Steele
Cranbrook
Elko

CROWNSNEST PASS RY

W. L. HOUSTON,
Undertaker.

Coffins and Caskets always on hand.

Sash & Door Factory and Machine Shop.

Engine and Boiler Repairing a Specialty.

GOLDEN, B. C.

Try THE OUTCROP for Job Printing.

All K.C.R. Surveys Pass Through

A THALMER

The Natural Centre of the District.

Situated at the head of the great Columbia River, and at the foot of the beautiful Windermere Lake. Athalmer is the Supply Point for all the Lumber Camps and all the Mines are reached from it. All Roads and Trails radiate from Athalmer.

There is no doubt about the railway passing right through Athalmer as every survey has made that point clear and switch yards have also been surveyed here. The purchase of town lots in Athalmer is a safe and profitable investment and prices are sure to advance.

A Ground Floor Chance.

Already Athalmer has a Hotel, Two Stores, Sawmill, Church, School, Hall, Telephone and Steamboat Communication, Etc., Etc., Etc. And there are good opportunities for other lines of businesses.

Choice Town Lots
are Now on the Market at
Low Figures.

For full information apply to

ATHALMER TOWN SITE CO.,
Athalmer, B. C.

Special Attention to the Mining Trade.
All Home Comforts.

The
HOTEL
DELPHINE....

WILMER, B.C.

Being in direct route to Toby
and Horse Thief Creeks it
is the Headquarters of all
Mining Men.

A Table that is always Replete with the Choicest
Seasonable Viands.

Rooms: Large, Airy and Comfortable.

G. A. STARKE, Prop.

P. T. Co.,

WILMER, - - - B. C.

Agents for
MCCORMICK'SHarvesters and Binders
Reapers, Mowers,
Hay Rakes.**DEERE'S**Plows, Harrows and Cultivators.
Hoosier Low Down Press Seed Drills.
Superior Disc Harrows. Buggies.

The Dain Baling Press.

If you Want a Bargain in a
Large COOK RANGE
give us a call.

A COMPLETE STOCK OF

**General
Merchandise**

Groceries and Provisions.

DRY GOODS:

Flannels, Flannelets, Prints,
Shirtings, Halifax Tweeds,
Fingering Yarns,
Ladies' and Children's Underwear,
Etc., Etc.**Everything in
Gents'
Furnishings:**Suits, Underwear,
Hats and Caps,
Ties,
Etc., Etc.Mitts and Gloves, heavy and light, all
kinds and sizes.**Dairy and Creamery Butter,**
in 14 and 18 lb. Boxes.**Bran, Wheat and Oats.****The
Peterborough
Trading Company..****Golden Mining
News**

From the Golden Star:

That the mining industry is to receive still further attention in this vicinity would appear to be a foregone conclusion if one might be permitted to judge from word received here on Wednesday. D. P. Kimpton, superintendent at the Shining Beauty mine, has received a telegram from Charles E. Swelberg, the secretary of the Laborers' Co-operative Co., informing him that the company's engineer would shortly be on the ground to look over the work of development, and it is expected that he will arrive in time in the course of the next few days. Mr. Kimpton has returned to the mine, where work is still being vigorously pushed and is said to be improving with every blast.

M. Dainard has received very encouraging reports from the B. C. Pottery Co. at Victoria, to whom he sent a sample of the clay he staked last fall in the vicinity of Ice river. The Victoria people speak highly of it and have sent a request for two or three hundred pounds of it for the purpose of making a severe test.

Negotiations are still in progress for extensive development of the Giant group on Jubilee mountain.

It is understood that considerable development work is altogether likely to be carried on next summer on the immense copper property on Warren creek owned by Alex. McLean and A. F. Macaulay. A deal is being put through.

It is a fact that many of the Mexican miners of the peon class are dynamite eaters. It is a vice that is rapidly spreading to all the mining camps in Mexico. Users of dynamite soon learn that it is a powerful stimulant, and that the effects of intoxication are pleasing while they last, beyond the most exorcising phantasies of an opium dream. The "dynamite" usually is very dainty and exact in his method of going about the introduction of a high explosive into his system. The preferred way to do this is to cut off a small piece of 55 percent "dyna", about the size of a pea. This is dissolved in a small glass of mecal or tequila, and the draught is quaffed down with a gusto that comes from pleasant anticipations. The performer of this trick then rolls in his blanket and stretches himself at length in the cool shade. It is said that very soon his nerves begin to tingle, and stranger dreams come to him than the weird visions induced by hashish. The amount of dynamite consumed as an ordinary camp by those addicted to taking it into their systems in the way above described is so large that it appreciably affects the quantity of that explosive required to carry on the regular work.

"Salting" mines is now going on at Cobalt, and as usual suckers have been found. A prospector who has been recently operating there tells a story of the "salting down" of a claim which was perpetrated recently in that district. An enterprising individual secured some Cobalt silver ore from one of the working mines and mixing it in Portland cement, dumped it into a crack in the rock of an apparently barren claim, and as a result sold his claim for \$5,000. When the new owner put in the first shot he blew the bottom out of his bonanza. The first taking he had that something was wrong was the finding of oats in bottom of the hole and through the mass of "ore". It appears that the mineral was carried to the claim in an oat sack, and some oats got mixed up with it. The narrator of the above story reports the advance guard of the army of fortune seekers, who will invade the new mining fields, to be already arriving, many of the trains from North Bay being crowded to standing room.

Lead and Zinc News: The final outcome of the zinc ore tariff controversy will be awaited with considerable interest by those conversant with zinc conditions. While the present decision is manifestly a very good thing for the Joplin producers, it is in a sense still better thing for the producers of low grade ore in the Western States. The outside competition was in nearly every case from low grade ore and the demand for the class of ore will be still enhanced,

thus stimulating in a large measure the production of the Rocky Mountain region. This will certainly add also to the demand for Joplin ore, but tending at the same time to make Joplin ore more and more of a luxury for the smelting industry. Thus it will be seen that our western zinc producers will be more benefited by the tariff decision than the Joplin producers, although both will reap some advantage, but not to the measure in which they have exerted their efforts for obtaining this decision. The fight has been waged almost entirely for the Joplin operators.

The Outcrop will print you, on short notice and in any amount, shipping tags, billheads, statements, letterheads, noteheads, memos, receipts, envelopes, visiting cards, business cards, bills of fare, dodgers, posters, etc., etc. Will meet any quality or price.

Send The Outcrop the address of any person who is or is likely to become interested in mines, timber or land in the Upper Columbia and Upper Kootenay Valleys and we will send to them free a copy of our booklet on this country, and also free copies of this paper.

Rev. Mr. McKennis will conduct Presbyterian church services at Galena the fourth Sunday of each month, and every other Sunday in Windermere at 11 a. m. Atholmer 3 p. m. and Wilmer 7:30 p. m.

See the offer of seeds in Henry's ad.

The day of rest is never the better for making it a day of rust.

LAND NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that 40 days from the date hereof we intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of the B. C. Land Commission to purchase about 320 acres of third class land, commencing at southeast corner of Lot 180, North East Kootenay District, B. C., on west bank of Upper Columbia Lake, thence west to the shore, thence south to the shore, thence east about 80 chains to said west bank of Lake, and thence north about 40 chains to said west bank of lake to place of commencement. Dated at Windermere, B. C., March 20th, 1906. ALBERT E. CORNETT, JAMES A. CORNETT, per JAMES REARD, Agent.

**THE
HOTEL
WILMER.**

Is a new building and is furnished throughout with all modern improvements.

The bar is supplied with the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

THE TOURIST or Tenderfoot who wanders into Wilmer should always camp at the Hotel Wilmer.

Within its doors can be found beds that woo the weary to dreamless sleep, drinks that calm the troubled soul, and food that no epicure could pass without sampling. If you want anything more see

**GEORGE
CHAMBERLAIN,
Proprietor.****"CANADA'S
GREATEST
NURSERIES"****WANT
A Local Salesman
for
WILMER**

To sell High Class Nursery Stock in Fruits and Ornamentals.

Largest list of NEW SPECIALTIES ever offered.

START NOW AT BEST SELLING SEASON.

Licensed by B. C. Government to sell in the Province of British Columbia.

Big Inducements.
Liberal Pay.
Handsome Free Outfit.
Write for terms and Catalogue, and send 25c for our Aluminum Pocket Microscope (magnifies 45 times), and 50c for our Hand saw, just the thing for trimming trees (cut iron as well as wood).**SPONE & WELLINGTON,
PONTILL NURSERIES,
(Over 800 acres.)
TORONTO, ONTARIO.****Wilmer Mercantile
Company, Ltd.****Hellow There I****This is the time of**
year when you need something nice to
tickle the appetite,**We have the Goods.****Fresh Groceries**Coming in daily by
the K. C. R. route.**HATS** selling below cost for a limited time to clear out
For New Stock.

We are getting ready for the

BOOM!We are slightly Over-Stocked with Pickles in Gallon Jars,
Selling now for less than value of Jar Alone.**FRESH EGGS! FRESH EGGS! FRESH EGGS!**
Apples! Apples! Apples!
Figs! Dates! Etc., Etc., Etc.**Everything in Hardware.**

New lot Riding Goods and Saddlery arriving in a few days.

The W. M. Co.,**JOHN McLEOD, - - - Manager.****LAKE & CO.****FOR SALE****20 Tons
of Finest Quality of****Timothy
Hay.****Also a Quantity of
Oats****Our Stock of
General
Merchandise
Cannot be
Exceeded in
quality or in price****LAKE & CO.,
General Merchants,
ATHALMER, B.C.**